

House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 474

January Session, 2011

House Bill No. 5585

House of Representatives, April 7, 2011

The Committee on Planning and Development reported through REP. GENTILE of the 104th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING DESIGNATED REHABILITATION AREAS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 12-65e of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 3 Any municipality which has adopted a resolution, in accordance
- 4 with the provisions of section 12-65d, designating such municipality or
- 5 any part thereof as a rehabilitation area, may, upon application of the
- 6 owner of any real property located in such area who agrees to
- 7 rehabilitate such property or construct (1) new multifamily rental
- 8 housing or cooperative housing on such property, or (2) if such
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- property is a brownfield as defined in section 32-9cc, new multifamily
- 10 rental housing, cooperative housing, common interest communities or
- 11 mixed-use or commercial structures on such property, enter into an
- 12 agreement to fix the assessment of the property, during the period of
- 13 rehabilitation or construction, as of the date of the agreement, but for
- 14 not longer than seven years, and upon completion of such

rehabilitation or construction, to defer any increase in assessment

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attributable to such rehabilitation or construction for a period not to exceed eleven years, contingent upon the continued use of the property for the purposes specified in the agreement, provided such property meets the criteria established by such municipality in accordance with section 12-65d and provided further such deferral shall be determined as follows: For the first year following completion of such rehabilitation or construction, the entire increase shall be deferred; thereafter a minimum of ten per cent of the increase shall be assessed against the property each year until one hundred per cent of such increase has been so assessed. The agreement shall provide that, in the event of a general revaluation by the municipality in the year in which such rehabilitation or construction is completed resulting in any increase in the assessment on such property, only that portion of the increase resulting from such rehabilitation or construction shall be deferred; and in the event of a general revaluation in any year after the year in which such rehabilitation or construction is completed, such deferred assessment shall be increased or decreased in proportion to the increase or decrease in the total assessment on such property as a result of such general revaluation. Such agreement shall further provide that such rehabilitation or construction shall be completed by a date fixed by the municipality and that the completed rehabilitation or construction shall be subject to inspection and certification by the local building official as being in conformance with the criteria established under section 12-65d and such provisions of the state building and health codes and the local housing code as may apply. Any such tax deferral shall be contingent upon the continued use of the property for those purposes specified in the agreement creating such deferral and such deferral shall cease upon the sale or transfer of the property for any other purpose unless the municipality shall have consented thereto.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
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Section 1	October 1, 2011	12-65e

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PD Joint Favorable

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: See Below

Explanation

The bill allows a municipality to enter into an agreement to fix, and defer any increase in, the assessment of a brownfield property on which construction of a new common interest community or mixed-use or commercial structures is undertaken. To the extent that this incents the development of such properties, a corresponding future increase to the municipality's grand list will ensue. The full increase would be delayed for up to eleven years.

The Out Years

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: See Above

OLR Bill Analysis HB 5585

AN ACT CONCERNING DESIGNATED REHABILITATION AREAS.

SUMMARY:

Current law allows municipalities to defer an increased property tax assessment on property located in a designated rehabilitation area if the owner agrees to rehabilitate the property or build new multifamily rental or cooperative housing on it. This bill also allows municipalities to defer an assessment increase if the property is a brownfield site and the owner agrees to build a new common interest community or mixed-use or commercial structure on it.

Brownfields are abandoned or underutilized sites where groundwater or soil contamination discourages their redevelopment or reuse.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2011

BACKGROUND

Local Option Property Tax Incentives for Rehabilitation Areas

By law, a municipality's legislative body must adopt a resolution designating the rehabilitation area, which may include all or part of the municipality, to offer the deferred assessments. The resolution must specify the criteria for the deferred assessments, including the (1) property's initial condition, (2) extent and nature of the improvements, and (3) acceptable uses of the property. The municipality can fix the property's assessment during the rehabilitation or construction period, for up to seven years, and then defer the increased assessment attributed to the improvements for up to 11 years. The deferral starts at 100% forgiveness in the first year and decreases by 10% in each subsequent year. The deferral must be contingent on the continued

use of the property for the specified purposes; it ends when the property is sold or transferred for other purposes, unless the municipality agrees to the change.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Planning and Development Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 20 Nay 0 (03/23/2011)